Create a form with ConfiForms which sends internal notification but does not keep/store the data

> (i) In this tutorial you will learn how to create a form with ConfiForms which will:
>
> - send Confluence notification to a user
> - will not keep the data in the form (will delete it right after the notification is sent)

> (!) If you are new to ConfiForms, please take a few minutes to read the Basic concepts Guide, or go through the video tutorial on that page. 🙂

This is how the final form looks like

Send notification

Name	
Message	

[+]

[Send]

Complete storage format

```
<ac:structured-macro ac:macro-id="7090c376-21fb-4e40-9249-f6fe32aa62f3" ac:name="confiform" ac:schema-version="
1">
  <ac:parameter ac:name="formName">f</ac:parameter>
  <ac:parameter ac:name="saveButtonLabel">Send</ac:parameter>
  <ac:parameter ac:name="registrationFormTitle">Send notification</ac:parameter>
  <ac:rich-text-body>
    <p>
      <ac:structured-macro ac:macro-id="303ecca1-bb19-44c9-b188-990db8e3c711" ac:name="confiform-field-
definition"
                             ac:schema-version="1">
        <ac:parameter ac:name="fieldName">name</ac:parameter>
        <ac:parameter ac:name="fieldLabel">Name</ac:parameter>
        <ac:parameter ac:name="type">user</ac:parameter>
      </ac:structured-macro>
    </p>
    <ac:structured-macro ac:macro-id="c0a8c1cf-326d-4321-ab1f-8ef743bdc8d6" ac:name="confiform-field-definition"
                           ac:schema-version="1">
      <ac:parameter ac:name="fieldName">message</ac:parameter>
      <ac:parameter ac:name="fieldLabel">Message</ac:parameter>
      <ac:parameter ac:name="type">textarea</ac:parameter>
    </ac:structured-macro>
    <p> 
      <ac:structured-macro ac:macro-id="052bc766-c50c-4396-a666-8f2436ef01bf" ac:name="confiform-entry-register"
                             ac:schema-version="1">
        <ac:parameter ac:name="registrationMessage">Notification has been sent</ac:parameter>
        <ac:parameter ac:name="registrationButtonLabel">Send notification</ac:parameter>
        <ac:parameter ac:name="embedded">true</ac:parameter>
        <ac:parameter ac:name="atlassian-macro-output-type">INLINE</ac:parameter>
        <ac:rich-text-body>
          <p> </p>
        </ac:rich-text-body>
      </ac:structured-macro>
    </p>
    <ac:structured-macro ac:macro-id="5f096006-a6fc-4243-8e71-8f3e09907c2e" ac:name="confiform-ifttt"
                           ac:schema-version="1">
      <ac:parameter ac:name="action">Send Notification</ac:parameter>
      <ac:parameter ac:name="event">onCreated</ac:parameter>
      <ac:parameter ac:name="title">Hello [entry.name.fullName]</ac:parameter>
      <ac:rich-text-body>
        <p>[entry.message]</p>
      </ac:rich-text-body>
    </ac:structured-macro>
    <ac:structured-macro ac:macro-id="cd72d761-5c5b-4fb3-bea5-9bb9c8496b67" ac:name="confiform-ifttt"
                           ac:schema-version="1">
      <ac:parameter ac:name="action">Delete ConfiForms Entry</ac:parameter>
      <ac:parameter ac:name="event">onCreated</ac:parameter>
      <ac:parameter ac:name="title">id:[entry.id]</ac:parameter>
      <ac:parameter ac:name="who">f:884778</ac:parameter>
      <ac:rich-text-body>
        <p> </p>
      </ac:rich-text-body>
    </ac:structured-macro>
  </ac:rich-text-body>
</ac:structured-macro>
```

And this is how it looks in the editor

Let's see what it consists of:

- As usual, everything is ConfiForms Form container, we have set custom title and custom label for main action button
- Then we have 2 fields (ConfiForms Field Definition macros): name and message. Name is of type "user" and Message is of type "textarea"
- Then we have a ConfiForms Registration Control, which tells us how the form should be shown (we have selected it to be embedded to the page) and we set custom messages and labels
- Then we have 2 ConfiForms IFTTT macros, or handlers as we usually call it. The ordering is important! The first one sends notification and the second one deletes the original ConfiForms record which was used initially to sent the notification

Below, you can see screenshots for Registration Control and screenshots for these 2 IFTTT handlers

Configuration for ConfiForms Registration Control

Configuration for ConfiForms IFTTT macro which sends notifications

Edit 'ConfiForms IFTTT Integration Rules' Macro

Event *

onCreated

Action to perform *

Send Notification

Fire IFTTT action only when this condition/filter is met

If empty then IFTTT action is always executed when an event is occurred. Same syntax as in filters

Subject for notification

Hello [entry.name.fullName]

Could be constructed dynamically. You can reference record owner as [owner]; record modifier, as [modifier]; any record field as [entry.FIELD_NAME], you can reference page watchers as [watchers]

↻ **Preview**

✓

Visible only in PREVIEW

How to configure ConfiForms IFTTT macro
The following fields are defined in the form **f** and can be referenced from IFTTT macro body using '${FIELD_NAME}' or '[entry.field_name]' notation.

- id
- createdBy
- ownedBy
- ownedByName
- createdByName
- created
- dateCreatedFormatted
- name
- message

Select macro   Save   Cancel

Here we set a subject to be dynamic, and as "user" object is a "complex" object we can query some additional properties (See documentation for more details on properties of "complex" objects: Documentation)

Second IFTTT deletes the record (we set a dynamic filter, which will filter only one record)

Edit 'ConfiForms IFTTT Integration Rules' Macro

Event *

onCreated

Action to perform *

Delete ConfiForms Entry

Fire IFTTT action only when this condition/filter is met

If empty then IFTTT action is always executed when an event is occurred. Same syntax as in filters

Delete by filter

id:[entry.id]

Delete ConfiForms entry (or entries) by given filter. Same syntax as in filters The scope is all records in the form. Could be constructed dynamically. You can reference

↻ **Preview**

✓

> **Visible only in PREVIEW**
>
> **How to configure ConfiForms IFTTT macro**
> The following fields are defined in the form **f** and can be referenced from IFTTT macro body using '${FIELD_NAME}' or '[entry.field_name]' notation.
>
> - id
> - createdBy
> - ownedBy
> - ownedByName
> - createdByName
> - created
> - dateCreatedFormatted
> - name
> - message

Select macro   Save   Cancel

The important bit (shown below, as it did not fit into the previous screenshot) is the last parameter, called "Form name and pageId":

Edit 'ConfiForms IFTTT Integration Rules' Macro

If empty then IFTTT action is always executed when an event is occurred. Same syntax as in filters

Delete by filter

id:[entry.id]

Delete ConfiForms entry (or entries) by given filter. Same syntax as in filters The scope is all records in the form. Could be constructed dynamically. You can reference record owner as [owner]; record modifier, as [modifier]; any record field as [entry.FIELD_NAME], you can reference page watchers as [watchers]

Form name and pageId

f:884778

separated by ":" (Example: formName:pageId)

↻ **Preview**

✓

> **Visible only in PREVIEW**
>
> **How to configure ConfiForms IFTTT macro**
> The following fields are defined in the form **f** and can be referenced from IFTTT macro body using '${FIELD_NAME}' or '[entry.field_name]' notation.
>
> - id
> - createdBy
> - ownedBy
> - ownedByName
> - createdByName
> - created
> - dateCreatedFormatted
> - name
> - message

Select macro   Save   Cancel

which set's the name of the form this filter (and action) should be applied on, as well as the location (pageId of the page where this form is configured)

In our case the form name is "f" and it is on the page with page Id = 884778

The end result looks like this (notification and actually empty table):

This will not work for "Anonymous forms"! The reason is: a record stored does not have an owner and therefore could not be deleted by anyone than a form administrator