

Virtual functions

 See if the function is available for [ConfiForms CLOUD](#) - [CLOUD](#)

 **Important!** Function names and field names are **CASE SENSITIVE**. It is very important to follow the correct letter casing as per documentation

In order to make it easier to integrate with other external systems, such as JIRA, for example, or transform values as you like and need we have implemented so called "virtual" functions, what you can call on field values.

Usage:

- When using in **IFTTT macro body** or in **ListView/PlainView/CalendarView** - the notation would be: **[entry.fieldname.virtual_function]** Please note that accessing values via [entry.field_name] notations brings you internal values.. which means you will need to make sure they are what you need - formatting dates via formatDate, accessing .label properties for choice-based fields and things like that.
- When using in **ConfiForms Field macro** then reference it by a field name, adding the virtual function name: **fieldname.virtual_function**

Useful, when you try to prepare a JSON or some other format when used together with IFTTT macro to enable integrations with other systems

 Functions support **chaining** ! That means you can apply function on a result of the previous function as much as you like

 See also [Accessing field values and properties](#) . You can use complex properties in your filters. For example filtering dropdown fields by values and by labels, filtering page type fields by page metadata fields, filtering user fields by, for example - email property

As of now, the following functions are supported:

CORE

 - means the function is available since ConfiForms version 1.x

Function	Description	Using in ConfiForms Field macro	
urlencode CORE CLOUD	Does URL encode on given value, see "urlencode" method in https://docs.atlassian.com/ConfluenceServer/javadoc/7.16.0/com/atlassian/confluence/util/GeneralUtil.html	myfield.urlencode	[f
urldecode CLOUD 3.7.6	Does URL decode on given value, see "urlDecode" method in https://docs.atlassian.com/ConfluenceServer/javadoc/7.16.0/com/atlassian/confluence/util/GeneralUtil.html	myfield.urldecode	[f
escapeXML CORE CLOUD	Escapes XML on given value, see "escapeXml" method in https://docs.atlassian.com/ConfluenceServer/javadoc/7.16.0/com/atlassian/confluence/util/GeneralUtil.html	myfield.escapeXml	[f
escape CORE CLOUD	Escapes string as in "escapeForHtmlAttribute" method in https://docs.atlassian.com/ConfluenceServer/javadoc/7.16.0/com/atlassian/confluence/util/GeneralUtil.html	myfield.escapeForHtmlAttribute	[f

escapeJavaScript CORE CLOUD	Escapes JavaScript from the value		
formatDate CORE CLOUD FROM V. 2.12.5 You can specify date format and timezone. When you dont specify the timezone a user's timezone is used to format the date/time value Example: formatDate(MM-dd-yyyy, UTC) Supported timezone arguments	Tries to format date fields in the specified format, expects date format as in http://docs.oracle.com/javase/7/docs/api/java/text/SimpleDateFormat.html	myfield. formatDate (JAVA_FORMAT)	[e (
convertDate (FORMAT, TIMEZONE) FROM V. 2.13.5 CLOUD Supported timezone arguments	This function converts a timestamp (UTC) into the formatted date in a specified timezone Format can be anything supported by http://docs.oracle.com/javase/7/docs/api/java/text/SimpleDateFormat.html Timezone argument can be anything documented here: Supported timezone arguments	Example: myfield. convertDate (yyyy-MM-dd'T'HH:mm:ss.SSS'Z', Europe/Tallinn)	
jiraDate CORE CLOUD FROM V. 2.12.5 You can specify date a timezone jiraDate(America/Chicago) Supported timezone arguments	Same as "formatDate" method above, but specifies constant DateFormat pattern (yyyy-MM-dd), suitable for JIRA REST API	myfield. jiraDate	[
jiraDateTime CORE CLOUD FROM V. 2.12.5 You can specify date a timezone jiraDateTime(UTC) Supported timezone arguments	Same as "formatDate" method above, but specifies constant dateformat pattern ("yyyy-MM-dd'T'HH:mm:ss.SSS'Z'"), should be compatible with ISO 8601 standard as JIRA requires when setting timestamps to JIRA fields	myfield. jiraDateTime	[r

escapeJSON CORE CLOUD	Escapes illegal characters in the field value to generate a valid JSON property. New lines, quotes, tabs and etc will be properly escaped <pre>[entry.myfield.escapeJSON]</pre>	myfield.escapeJSON	[i C
asArray asArrayMultiSelect asArrayMultiUserPicker CORE CLOUD	Tries to create an array from the value. Useful when you want to pass ConfiForms multi-select values to JIRA. Something like <pre>"customfield_XXXX" : [[entry.myfield.asArray]]</pre> this will generate <pre>"customfield_XXXX" : ["val1", "val2"]</pre> assuming "myfield" field is a multi select and has 2 values: val1 and val2 There are variations to support other multi-select fields in JIRA https://developer.atlassian.com/jiradev/jira-apis/about-the-jira-rest-apis/jira-rest-api-tutorials/jira-rest-api-example-create-issue - asArrayMultiSelect - asArrayMultiUserPicker (can be used to generate arrays for both: multi-user and multi-group field types) Let us know if something you want to use is missing	myfield.asArray myfield.asArrayMultiSelect myfield.asArrayMultiUserPicker	[i [i [i
asArray(separator) FROM V. 1.35 CLOUD	Same as "asArray" without a parameter, but allows you to set own separator Example: <pre>asArray(') will wrap the values into list of 'v1', 'v2'... asArray will do the same with default separator ", like this "v1", "v2" asArray(_) will output _v1_, _v2_</pre>	myfield.asArray(separator)	[i (
asArrayOfIds CORE CLOUD	Same as the above, but exporting IDs of the multi-select values in the following format: <pre>"1", "2"</pre>	myfield.asArrayOfIds	[i I
asArrayOfKVPairs(key) FROM V. 1.35 CLOUD	Will output the list of values in a format: <pre>{"key": "value"}, {"key": "value2"}</pre> Useful for adding JIRA labels, like when giving a key as "add" asArrayOfKVPairs(add) <pre>{"add": "value"}, {"add", "value2"}</pre>		[i (s v
replaceCRLFWithBR CORE CLOUD	Replaces CR/LF with
 tag to show with line brakes in HTML (useful when you reference the textarea field using [entry.] notation)	myfield.replaceCRLFWithBR	[i r
replaceBRWithCRLF CORE CLOUD	Does the opposite to "replaceCRLFWithBR" and replaces
 tags with CRLF		

asUserFullNames CORE CLOUD	Works only with User multi-select fields and shows list of full names for selected users	myfield. asUserFullNames	[i]
asUserEmails CORE CLOUD	Works only with User multi-select fields and shows list of emails for selected users	myfield. asUserEmails	[r]
asUserNames CORE CLOUD	Works only with User multi-select fields and shows list of usernames for selected users	myfield. asUserNames	[a]
friendlyDate CORE	Formatting date and date/time field types with https://docs.atlassian.com/confluence/latest/com/atlassian/confluence/core/datetime/FriendlyDateFormatter.html	myfield. friendlyDate	[a]
asCount CORE CLOUD	Returns size of a collection for multi-value fields or number of chars for other types	myfield.asCount	[i]
asSize CORE CLOUD	Returns size of a collection for multi-value fields or number of chars for other types (same as "count")	myfield.asSize	[i]
asLength CORE CLOUD	Returns size of a collection for multi-value fields or number of chars for other types	myfield. asLength	[a]
formatCurrency CORE CLOUD	Tries to format value as currency using either default or given format https://docs.oracle.com/javase/7/docs/api/java/text/DecimalFormat.html If value could not be formatted according to given format then value will be returned as is  Can be used with any number (and not only currency)	myfield. formatCurrency (JAVA_FORMAT) myfield. formatCurrency() (default decimal format is used if empty)	[i] f ((J t t [f # [f C
formatNumber CORE CLOUD	alias to formatCurrency	myfield. formatNumber (JAVA_FORMAT) myfield. formatNumber() (default decimal format is used if empty)	[i] r [r [r

asFilteredBy (FILTER) CORE CLOUD Since 3.0.0 supports ConfiForms Filters expression when applied on a <i>smart</i> field	Very powerful function to extract the value by given filter (mostly used for multi-value fields). Especially useful with Multi-select fields which are of type "smart fields", the ones referencing other forms and fields Example: You have one form which has a field called "mf" which holds multi-value references to another form which has the following fields: name, surname, position Then... when showing the data from the first form you can actually show only specific choices. For example: - entry.mf.asFilteredBy(name:Alex) - to show only persons selected with name Alex only (here "name" references a field in 2nd form) - entry.mf.asFilteredBy(surname:Ve*) - to show only persons selected with surnames starting with "Ve" only (here "surname" references a field in 2nd form) - entry.mf.asFilteredBy(position:CEO) - to filter OUT all those selected who are NOT in CEO position	entry.mf. asFilteredBy (FILTER)	F f f [(1 s
trimAllSpaces CORE CLOUD	Removes all the spaces in the field value. Can be used when creating page labels automatically from ConfiForms field values and want to ensure the value is taken as a label and not split by spaces into different labels	entry.myfield. trimAllSpaces	[a
camelCase CORE CLOUD	Makes a CamelCase string from a given value	entry.myfield. camelCase	[s
camelCaseAndTrim CORE CLOUD	Makes a CamelCase string from a given value and, additionally, removes all the spaces	entry.myfield. camelCaseAndTrim	[s
addCRLF CORE CLOUD	Adds CR and LF characters after the value	entry.addCRLF	[
addCRLFHtml CORE CLOUD	Adds
 (brake) after the value in HTML format	entry. addCRLFHtml	[
trunc(NUMBER) CORE CLOUD truncLeft(NUMBER) CORE CLOUD truncRight(NUMBER) CORE CLOUD	Truncates the value. Leaves "n" first symbols	entry.trunc(100)	[

asUsers FROM V. 1.39.2	Converts multi-user / multi-owner (ownedBy field in ConfiForms) field values to list of user objects, which can be then transformed into the desired output as needed, for example: <pre>ownedBy.asUsers.transform(email)</pre> Any property of the User object (see below) is accessible	
asUser.username asUser.fullName asUser.email asUser(n).username asUser(n).fullName asUser(n).email CORE	When working with multi-select user control/field and want to get a particular user info  Only works with Multi-select user field!	
asEntryRef (REF_TO_ENTRY) CORE CLOUD	Example: <pre>[entry.id.asEntryRef(entry.id)]</pre> This will return <pre>[entry.id]</pre> When this is necessary? The use case is when you use it within an IFTTT or have a ListView which has another ListView inside and you want to prevent ConfiForms from applying the context variables onto the sub-lists The function can be used with any field type (as long as the field exists) and actually the following constructions are perfectly valid <pre>[entry.id.asEntryRef(entry.somefield)] will return [entry.somefield] [entry.id.asEntryRef(entry.mytextfield)] will return [entry.mytextfield] [entry.id.asEntryRef(entry.anotherfield)] will return [entry.anotherfield] [entry.id.asEntryRef(entry.id)] will return [entry.id]</pre> As you can see we apply the function on the same ID field (exists in every ConfiForms record) and the parameter you give in is the important bit in all this... So, the parameter (PARAM) you give to asEntryRef is wrapped into the brackets and returned: <pre>[PARAM]</pre> You can also use "_func" pseudo property of a record as a bridge to "asEntryRef" function when the "id" is not available (assigned) This is always available <pre>[entry._func.asEntryRef(entry.somefield)] will return [entry.somefield] [entry._func.asEntryRef(entry.mytextfield)] will return [entry.mytextfield] [entry._func.asEntryRef(entry.anotherfield)] will return [entry.anotherfield] [entry._func.asEntryRef(entry.id)] will return [entry.id]</pre>	

asVelocityExpRef (VALUE) FROM V. 1.50.1 CLOUD	Same as asEntryRef, and asIFTTTRef, but returns a value wrapped in \${}, like \${VALUE}		
asJSON CORE CLOUD	Converts a value to JSON and allows to access JSON object properties	entry.myfield. asJSON. someJSONPro perty entry.myfield. asJSON. anotherJSONPr operty	
asRef(VALUE) FROM V. 1.53.8 CLOUD	Same as asEntryRef, and asIFTTTRef, but returns an exact expression as you have put inside the arguments asRef(VALUE) will return VALUE		
asUserProfile CORE	Converts to User profile (or tries to, if a given field value can be resolved as a user object) Available user profile properties (all standard ones, available in the profile) to reference are: - phone - im - website - position - department - location	entry.somefield. asUserProfile. phone entry.somefield. asUserProfile. im entry.somefield. asUserProfile. website entry.somefield. asUserProfile. position entry.somefield. asUserProfile. department entry.somefield. asUserProfile. location	i where "somefield" should get resolved into username (can be user field)
asList CORE CLOUD	Extracts values of a list and converts to a comma-separated string, see below for examples on transform and asList		
asAttachments CORE	Converts the file/attachment field values into the array of Attachment objects https://docs.atlassian.com/confluence/5.9.1/com/atlassian/confluence/pages/Attachment.html		

transform
(property_name)

CORE

CLOUD

Converts the list of some objects into the list of values for the given property

For example:

```
[entry.myfile.asAttachments.transform(id)]
```

When "myfile" is a field of type file/attachment, a function "asAttachments" will convert it's values into the list of Attachments objects and then function "transform" will extract and "id" property of each Attachment object and will put it into the resulting list

```
[entry.myfile.asAttachments.transform(id).asList]
```

Same as in previous example, but we convert the output into a comma separated list of attachment IDs

Below, is another example, which returns a result of ID's, but wrapped into quotes

```
[entry.myfile.asAttachments.transform(id).asArray]
```

Function "transform" can be used on a multi-value field.(on Multi-select fields, which hold the structure of ID and LABEL (properties "id" and "label")) See [Accessing field values and properties](#) and dropdown fields

For example, to get the list of **dropdown** IDs

```
[entry.mymultifield.transform(id)]
```

To get the list of **dropdown** labels

```
[entry.mymultifield.transform(label)]
```

To get the list of User's full names for multi-user field (User field has properties: fullName, username, email, lastName, firstname) See [Accessing field values and properties](#)

```
[entry.mymultiuserfield.transform(fullName)]
```

same as above, but in "coma-separated" string

```
[entry.mymultiuserfield.transform(fullName).asList]
```



Important!

Transform function also works with smart fields, and could transform the fields / values referenced from another form through the reference (a field) in your current form

See an example here: [Using transform function with smart fields](#)

add(number) CORE CLOUD	Adds a numeric value to a field (can subtract as well, if a negative number is given) [entry.somedatefield.timestamp.add(86400000)] to add 1 day to the date (value of 86400000 is in milliseconds) [entry.somedatefield.timestamp.add(-86400000)] to add -1 day (subtract a day) to the date (value of 86400000 is in milliseconds)  Supports dynamic parameters via [entry.field_name]	
subtract(number) CORE CLOUD	Subtracts value from field value  Supports dynamic parameters via [entry.field_name]	
multiply(number) CORE CLOUD	Multiplies value by given parameter value [entry.somedatefield.multiply(2)]  Supports dynamic parameters via [entry.field_name]	
divide(number) CORE CLOUD	Divides value by given parameter value [entry.somedatefield.divide(2)]  Supports dynamic parameters via [entry.field_name]	
split(separator)  separator could be a space, like: split() CORE CLOUD	Split is an intermediate function to help you with transforming the string values into the arrays of strings, which then can be used with "array type" virtual functions For example: We have a field type called "mytextfield" and want it's content to be passed to JIRA as labels. For this we need to make sure we split the entered text by "space" and then use a corresponding virtual function to transform the object into the desired representation mytextfield.split().asArrayMultiSelect Any other "array type" function can be applied. For example to get the count, one will write the following mytextfield.split().asCount	
	Now you can easily understand if the field value has been changed or not. Can be used ONLY (from ConfiForms version 1.50.1 can be used in field definition rules as well!) in IFTTT macro, in "condition" parameter. Only in this case, we have a previous snapshot of the data for this record. And the function is applied on the whole entry and not on the field. Example in IFTTT macro:	

hasChanged
(fieldName)

FROM V. 1.36

FROM V. 1.50.1

- can be used in
Field Definition Rules
as well!

FROM V. 1.51.6

- you can use it **without**
specifying
property to track
ANY field change.

By using

```
hasChanged()  
: true
```

Edit 'ConfiForms IFTTT Integration Rules' Macro

IFTTT macro for ConfiForms. Enables
various integrations [Documentation](#)

Event *

onModified

Choose Action to perform *

Send Notification

Fire IFTTT action only when this
condition/filter is met

hasChanged(myf):true

If left empty then IFTTT action is always
executed when an event is occurred. You can
use [entry.FIELD_NAME] to reference values
of the record. [Same syntax expected as in
filters](#)

Subject for notification

Preview

Select macro

Save

Cancel

The result of the function is a boolean, "true" is returned when the value for the field is different from current, and "false" is returned otherwise

Example:

```
hasChanged(somefield):true
```

or

```
hasChanged(somefield):true AND hasChanged(anotherfield):false
```

In addition to "hasChanged" function, ConfiForms has a support to get "previous state" of the record. And that is using a "virtual property" called: "_previousState"

Below example has the same result as "hasChanged(somefield):true"

```
!somefield:[entry._previousState.somefield]
```

This expression could be also used with IFTTT macro condition to determine if the value has been changed, but also allows you to create a more sophisticated filters like the one below:

```
hasChanged(mynum):true AND mynum:<[entry._previousState.mynum]
```

Checks if the value has been changed and if the previous value was bigger than current



This is available only in IFTTT and this also means that the synthetic property _previousState is available for you to use in filters

For example - we want to run another IFTTT when the record status has changed from one value to another

(when "MyStatus" status field has changed it's value and the value was changed from "requested" to "development")

```
hasChanged(MyStatus):true AND MyStatus:development AND _previousState.  
MyStatus:requested
```

asUserLink asUserLinks (same as above, but works on user multiselect fields) FROM V. 1.36.3 Also, there is a function which renders it as a macro: useful for usage withing a template or ListView /CalendarView asUserLinkMacro	Generates a macro <ac:link><ri:user ri:userkey="USER_KEY_HERE"></ac:link> and renders the HTML out of it USER_KEY_HERE is looked up by function based on the username given	entry.myfield.asUserLink	[a c f [a
asLink FROM V. 1.37.1 CLOUD asLinks FROM V. 1.38 CLOUD asLink(Some label) asLink([entry.somefield]) FROM V. 1.44 CLOUD	Returns value as HTML link (VALUE) Also, for collections: function "asLinks"	entry.myfield.asLink entry.myfield.asLink(I am a link label)	[[a
acLink CORE acLinkMacro CORE CLOUD	Renders a link to local resource acLinkMacro functions generates a macro only (without rendering to HTML) <ac:link><ri:page ri:content-title="SPACEKEY:PAGE_TITLE"/></ac:link>		
asImageLink CORE CLOUD	Renders link to given url or attachment Id (in cloud)	myfield.asImageLink	[a
parseDate(FORMAT) FROM V. 1.36.6 CLOUD	Tries to format date fields in the specified format, expects date format as in http://docs.oracle.com/javase/7/docs/api/java/text/SimpleDateFormat.html Example on how to parse and format a date from JIRA issue jirakey.fields.created.parseDate(yyyy-MM-dd'T'HH:mm:ss.SSS'Z').formatDate(yyyy-MM-dd) In this example we have a field called "jirakey" in ConfiForms Form, and access a property "created" from JIRA issue. Then we parse the created date, using the format JIRA uses when returning the date/time field via REST API and then we format the date using another virtual function called "formatDate" to show it as year-month-day only	entry.myfield.parseDate(JAVA_FORMAT)	[f (F v t f u c
toPersianDate CORE	Converts timestamp to Iranian/Persian date date.toPersianDate	date.toPersianDate	[

toPersianDateTime CORE	Converts timestamp to Iranian/Persian date with time mydatefield.toPersianDateTime	date. toPersianDateTi me	[t
join FROM V. 1.38 CLOUD	You can join the field values into one string. Works best on multi-select fields For example (expect a field to be a multi-select field here): id:[entry.mymultifield.transform(id).join(OR id:)] Will extract the ID's from a record stored, and then join (concatenate) those ID's into one string, separated by OR id: Something like this (when mymultifield contains 2 items): id:1234-5678-9000-1234-5678-9000 OR id:1234-5678-9000-1234-5678-9001	entry.myfield.. join(SOME VALUE)	[f
asJIRAIssue FROM V. 1.40 CLOUD	Helps you to transform the values of a "JIRA Issues multi-select" field into a JIRA objects to allow access to any property /field of the JIRA issue	entry.myfield. asJIRAIssue. key entry.myfield. asJIRAIssue. fields. customfield_x	/ i: f f t
asInsightObject FROM V. 1.49.1	Helps you to transform the values of a "Insight Objects multi-select" field into a list of Insight Objects, which can be then transformed via "transform" function or properties can be accessed directly		
asPage FROM V. 1.40 CLOUD	Helps you to transform the values saved to Page objects when used on Page/BlogPosts multi-select field Or to try to transform numeric value to page object (load page by id)	entry. myfield. asPage. spaceKey	/ F S f

userInSecurityGroup securityGroupHas FROM V. 1.40 CLOUD	Both functions allow you to check if a particular user belongs to a given security group or not Examples: If field "u" is holding a username and we want to check if this user belongs to "confluence-administrators" group <pre>u.userInSecurityGroup(confluence-administrators)</pre> If field "sg" holds a name of a security group and we want to check if a username is in this security group <pre>sg.securityGroupHas(sash)</pre> In the example below we check the same, but for currently logged in user <pre>sg.securityGroupHas()</pre> Both functions return "true" when condition is matched and "false" otherwise (without quotes) This means that if you need to put a filter to check the condition, the full expression will look like: <pre>u.userInSecurityGroup(confluence-administrators):true</pre> or <pre>sg.securityGroupHas():true</pre>	
securityGroups FROM V. 2.0 CLOUD	Retrieves user's securityGroups in a comma separated list <pre>userfield.securityGroups</pre> (Assuming userfield is the field holding the username)	
securityGroupUsers FROM V. 2.27.14 CLOUD on cloud version we return only the first 200 members of a group	Lists users (comma separated list of user names) for the given security group <pre>fieldContainingSecurityGroupName.securityGroupUsers</pre>	
get(index) FROM V. 1.42.4 CLOUD Using get() without an index will return the last item from the list FROM V. 1.44.2 CLOUD	Get's the element by index from a multi-value field To get the first element (index starts from 0) <pre>somefield.get(0)</pre> Another example with chaining the functions (when somefield holds a string value and we split it by "," and get the first element) <pre>somefield.split(,).get(0)</pre>	

append FROM V. 1.43 CLOUD	Appends text to a value Will append a space to the value of "somefield" <pre>somefield.append()</pre> For multi-select dropdown, adding space after transformation and shows in as html link <pre>somefield.transform(label.append()).asLinks</pre>  Argument can be dynamic, and reference another field, like [entry.somefield], so you can concat values together	
prepend FROM V. 1.45.2 CLOUD	Prepends text to a value Will append a space to the value of "somefield" <pre>somefield.prepend(SOME TEXT HERE)</pre>  Argument can be dynamic, and reference another field, like [entry.somefield], so you can concat values together	
lowerCase FROM V. 1.44.2 CLOUD	Returns a lowercases value for the field	
upperCase FROM V. 1.44.2 CLOUD	Returns a uppercased value for the field	
formatLinks FROM V. 1.45.2 CLOUD	Tries to format the http(s) links found in the text as HTML links <pre>somefield.formatLinks</pre>	

greenhopperAsJSON FROM V. 1.45.3 CLOUD	Tries to parse the field value returned by JIRA API for greenhopper fields <pre>com.atlassian.greenhopper.service.sprint.Sprint@71f1f2ae[id=6745, rapidViewId=2391,state=ACTIVE,name=My Sprint 2,startDate=2017-08-29T10:46:33.923 +01:00,endDate=2017-09-08T10:46:00.000+01:00,completeDate=<null>,sequence=6745]</pre> to a structure you can access via properties <pre>id=6745 rapidViewId=2391 state=ACTIVE name=My Sprint 2 startDate=2017-08-29T10:46:33.923+01:00 endDate=2017-09-08T10:46:00.000+01:00 completeDate= sequence=6745</pre> Example (to return a sprint name) <pre>myJIRAFIELD.fields.customfield_10900.greenhopperAsJSON.name</pre>	
asIFTTTRef (RESULT_NAME_AND_MORE) FROM V. 1.47.2 CLOUD	The idea and the need for this function is the same as described for function <i>asEntryRef(REF_TO_ENTRY)</i> This allows you to "escape" the <code>\${iftttResult_NAME.someproperty}</code> into a function to workaround template evaluations against the current record. Useful when your ConfiForms Form creates a page with another ConfiFormiForms Form and that form has various rules using iftttResults or entry.fieldnames <pre>entry.id.asIFTTTRef(MYRESULT.id) will produce \${iftttResult_MYRESULT.id}</pre> <pre>entry.id.asIFTTTRef(MYRESULT) will produce \${iftttResult_MYRESULT}</pre>	
asUserProfileLink FROM V. 1.48	Outputs a field value as a link to user profile (with avatar and full name). The field must have a username as a value <pre>[entry.myfieldholdingusername.asUserProfileLink]</pre>	

replaceAccents replaceAccents() FROM V. 1.48.2 CLOUD	Replaces the following accents letters using the follwing mapping "Ä" -> "Ae" "Æ" -> "Ae" "ä" -> "ae" "æ" -> "ae" "Ö" -> "Oe" "ö" -> "oe" "Ü" -> "Ue" "ü" -> "ue" "ß" -> "ss" "ó" -> "o" "ú" -> "u" "Ç" -> "C" "ç" -> "c" "í" -> "i" "Ñ" -> "N" "ñ" -> "n" "À" -> "A" "Á" -> "A" "à" -> "a" "á" -> "a" "È" -> "E" "É" -> "E" "Ê" -> "E" "è" -> "e" "é" -> "e" "ê" -> "e" [entry.myfield.replaceAccents]	
replaceWith (searchstring, replace with) FROM V. 1.48.2 CLOUD	Replaces every value matching "search string" in a field with given "replace with" value [entry.myfield.replaceWith(hi, hola)] Will match every "hi" and replace it with "hola"	
formatLink(url) formatLink(url label) FROM V. 1.51.3 CLOUD	Helps you to create http links from values in ConfiForms directly in teh views [entry.myfield.formatLink(https://google.com?q=)] will create a <a href="https://google.com?q=<VALUE_OF_MY_FIELD>" target="_blank"><VALUE_OF_MY_FIELD> the below example shows how to specify a contant label for your links [entry.myfield.formatLink(https://google.com?q= search)] will create a <a href="https://google.com?q=<VALUE_OF_MY_FIELD>" target="_blank">search	
timestamp FROM V. 1.52.1 CLOUD	Tries to get the timestamp from date/datetime/timestamp holding fields in epoch format	

asHex FROM V. 1.52.1 CLOUD	Converts string into hex representation <table><tr><th>string</th><th>asHex</th></tr><tr><td>1</td><td>31</td></tr><tr><td>2</td><td>32</td></tr><tr><td>hello</td><td>68656c6c6f</td></tr></table> You can use it with other functions, as usual... something like [entry.myfield.asHex.toUpperCase]	string	asHex	1	31	2	32	hello	68656c6c6f			
string	asHex											
1	31											
2	32											
hello	68656c6c6f											
dec2Hex FROM V. 1.52.1 CLOUD	Converts decimals to hex <table><tr><th>value</th><th>dec2Hex</th></tr><tr><td>1</td><td>00000001</td></tr><tr><td>2</td><td>00000002</td></tr><tr><td>255</td><td>000000FF</td></tr><tr><td>210</td><td>000000D2</td></tr></table> As always, you can chain the functions [entry.myfield.dec2Hex.toUpperCase] [entry.myfield.dec2Hex.trim(4)] - returns last 4 digits, instead of 000000D2 for 210 will return 00D2	value	dec2Hex	1	00000001	2	00000002	255	000000FF	210	000000D2	
value	dec2Hex											
1	00000001											
2	00000002											
255	000000FF											
210	000000D2											
randomInt(minVal) FROM V. 2.0.8 CLOUD	You can generate tips from ConfiForms data with something like <ac:macro ac:name="confiform-plain"> <ac:parameter ac:name="filter">valuecounter:[entry._total.randomInt(1)]</ac:parameter> <ac:parameter ac:name="formName">f</ac:parameter> <ac:parameter ac:name="atlassian-macro-output-type">INLINE</ac:parameter> <ac:plain-text-body>[entry.advice]</ac:plain-text-body> </ac:macro> To show "random" advice from your form of "advices" Where "valuecounter" field is autonumber field and we randomly picking one record from a dataset, starting from 1 (that is why we use "randomInt(1)" function on _total field)											
generateUUID FROM V. 3.4.0 CLOUD	Generates a unique value. Value is based on https://docs.oracle.com/javase/7/docs/api/java/util/UUID.html											
toString CORE	Ensures the value is a string value											

timezoneAwareDate CORE Since 2.13.7 supports setting the formatting pattern timezoneAwareDate (PATTERN) CLOUD	Tries to format the date given in the user's timezone. Uses user's defined formatting pattern to format the date. Unless given as parameter (http://docs.oracle.com/javase/7/docs/api/java/text/SimpleDateFormat.html) Date is always in the user's timezone										
timezoneAwareDateTime CORE Since 2.13.7 supports setting the formatting pattern timezoneAwareDateTime(PATTERN) CLOUD	Tries to format the date/time given in the user's timezone. Uses user's defined formatting pattern to format the datetime. Unless given as parameter (http://docs.oracle.com/javase/7/docs/api/java/text/SimpleDateFormat.html) Date is always in the user's timezone										
formatNumberWithLocale(COUNTRY) CORE	Formats number with a given locale formatNumberWithLocale(de) will format the number in German locale. See supported locales in Java 8, https://www.oracle.com/technetwork/java/javase/java8locales-2095355.html										
compactDateTimeInterval FROM V. 2.0.23	Helper function to render DateTime Interval field values in a more compact way when the date for start and end is within the same day [entry.mydatetimeintervalfield.compactDateTimeInterval] Example (the output format is specific to your Confluence date/time formatting settings): <table><tr><th>DateTime Interval value</th><th>Output</th><th></th></tr><tr><td>Mar 19, 2019 2:00 PM - Mar 19, 2019 3:00 PM</td><td>Mar 19, 2019 2:00 PM - 3:00 PM</td><td>Transforms to a short format</td></tr><tr><td>Mar 19, 2019 2:00 PM - Mar 20, 2019 3:00 PM</td><td>Mar 19, 2019 2:00 PM - Mar 20, 2019 3:00 PM</td><td>Stays in long format, as event spans 2 days</td></tr></table>	DateTime Interval value	Output		Mar 19, 2019 2:00 PM - Mar 19, 2019 3:00 PM	Mar 19, 2019 2:00 PM - 3:00 PM	Transforms to a short format	Mar 19, 2019 2:00 PM - Mar 20, 2019 3:00 PM	Mar 19, 2019 2:00 PM - Mar 20, 2019 3:00 PM	Stays in long format, as event spans 2 days	
DateTime Interval value	Output										
Mar 19, 2019 2:00 PM - Mar 19, 2019 3:00 PM	Mar 19, 2019 2:00 PM - 3:00 PM	Transforms to a short format									
Mar 19, 2019 2:00 PM - Mar 20, 2019 3:00 PM	Mar 19, 2019 2:00 PM - Mar 20, 2019 3:00 PM	Stays in long format, as event spans 2 days									
truncWithExpand(N) where N is the number of characters to show FROM V. 2.0.25 CLOUD	[entry.field_name.truncWithExpand(10)] will show the first 10 symbols and if the value is longer then the "..." block will be shown to allow your users to expand the value										

extractText CORE CLOUD	Extracts text from HTML value	
renderAsText CORE CLOUD	Render as Text (mainly to be used with values produced by wiki markdown field type)	
renderAsHtml CORE CLOUD	Render as HTML (mainly to be used with values produced by wiki markdown field type)	
renderWikiMarkup FROM V. 2.1.0	Renders wiki markup contents as html	
removeCRLFs FROM V. 2.1.0 CLOUD	Removes all new lines in a field value	
removeSpaces FROM V. 2.1.0 CLOUD	Removes all the spaces in the field value	
remove(value) CORE CLOUD	Removes value from the field (works as replaceWith for non-collections (single fields) and as remove item for multi-value fields) If you give a CSV values for multi-select field to <i>remove</i> then it will attempt to remove each value (splitting by ,)	
obscure FROM V. 2.6.0 CLOUD	Hides the value behind the given mask pwd.obscure(***** click to view) Will create something like *****(click to view) Clicking on the "click to view" link will reveal the actual value of the "pwd" field	

hasValue(value) FROM V. 2.9.4 CLOUD	Helps you to determine if the field has certain value. Useful when you want to check if the multi-select field has a certain option selected <pre>field.hasValue(somevalue)</pre> For single choice fields it checks for equality Can be used with Supported math operators, formulas and functions to construct conditional formulas For example: <pre>IF([entry.Options.hasValue(choice1)], 10, 0)</pre> Or in filtering conditions, checking for true or false: <pre>Options.hasValue(choice1):true</pre> Of course, chaining with <i>transform</i> is absolutely possible <pre>Options.transform(label).hasValue(my label):true</pre> or (assuming Options is a multi-user field) <pre>Options.transform(fullName).hasValue(John Smith):true</pre>	
escapeSQL FROM V. 2.9.5 CLOUD	Escapes SQL parameters	
getOptions FROM V. 2.9.5 CLOUD	Allows you to get all the options registered with a field (choice based field, like radio group, checkbox group, dropdowns...) For example, to get the labels for options registered in a field called "radiogroup" <pre>id.getOptions(radiogroup).transform(label)</pre>	
getUnselectedOptions FROM V. 2.9.5 CLOUD	Allows you to get all the UNSELECTED options registered with a field (choice based field, like radio group, checkbox group, dropdowns...) To get unselected options from a field called "radiogroup" and show them on each line separately <pre>id.getUnselectedOptions(radiogroup).transform(label.append(
))</pre>	

queryAndRender (<formName: pageId>;<FILTER>; <FIELDS_OR_EXPR SSIONS>; <VIEW_TYPE>) FROM V. 2.10 CLOUD	You can add a ConfiForms Field to your form's view and set it to show the contents of another form within your form • <formName:pageId> - name of the form and page id (location of the form) separated by : • <FILTER> - ConfiForms Filters , can be dynamic and reference values in a current record via [entry.field_name] • <FIELDS_OR_EXPRESSIONS> - list of fields (can contain expressions or virtual functions) to render from the referenced form separated by • <VIEW_TYPE> - how the view shall be rendered. Supported values at this point are: ◦ table ◦ card ◦ list Example <pre>id.queryAndRender(f:819201;*;t;table)</pre> this renders a TableView inside the field for form "f" located on page "819201", showing all the records from this form and only "t" field. <pre>id.queryAndRender(myform:819202;partner:[entry.partner];name amount;card)</pre> this renders a CardView inside the field for form "myform" located on page "819202", showing records matching the value in "partner" field and showing 2 fields: "name" and "amount".	
queryAndSet (<formName: pageId>;<FILTER>; <FIELD_OR_EXPRES SION>) FROM V. 2.16.9 CLOUD Support for Sorting in ConfiForms parameter as shown below FROM V. 2.21.3 queryAndSet (<formName: pageId>;<FILTER>; <FIELD_OR_EXPRES SION>;name ASC LIMIT 1)	You can set up this function to lookup (query) the value from some form by given filter and you can set the result of this query to a field Useful when you want to make a value lookup in ConfiForms IFTTT • <formName:pageId> - name of the form and page id (location of the form) separated by : • <FILTER> - ConfiForms Filters , can be dynamic and reference values in a current record via [entry.field_name] • <FIELD_OR_EXPRESSION> - field to get the value form. When multiple records much the filter the value will be concatenated Example: <pre>id.queryAndSet(myform:1111222;myfield:[entry.field];anotherfield)</pre> same can be done though the _func helper <pre>_func.queryAndSet(myform:1111222;myfield:[entry.field];anotherfield) or [entry._func.queryAndSet(myform:1111222;myfield:[entry.field];anotherfield)]</pre> FROM V. 2.21.3 <pre>id.queryAndSet(myform:1111222;myfield:[entry.field];anotherfield;LIMIT 1)</pre> <pre>id.queryAndSet(myform:1111222;myfield:[entry.field];anotherfield;created DESC LIMIT 1)</pre> FROM V. 2.25.2 <pre>id.queryAndSet(myform:1111222;myfield:[entry.field];sum:(anotherfield);created DESC LIMIT 1)</pre> See sum:(anotherfield), as an expression to give for the field you want to query on - this way it will attempt to "sum up" found values if all the found values are of numeric type Similarly you can just warp the field or and expression into brackets <pre>(anotherfield) ([entry.anotherfield])</pre>	

queryAndAggregate (<formName: pageId>;<FILTER>; <FIELD_OR_EXPRES- SION>) FROM V. 3.4.5 CLOUD	Same as queryAndSet function mentioned above, but forces the aggregation by the <FIELD_OR_EXPRESSION> (attempts to sum up the values found)		
pageProperties (property_name) FROM V. 2.10.7 CLOUD pageProperties (property_name, pagePropertiesId) FROM V. 3.4.1	Access page properties of a page object. The field you can apply this function has to be a page or should resolve into a page (page ID) <pre>mypage.pageProperties(property_name)</pre> What is page properties: https://confluence.atlassian.com/doc/page-properties-macro-184550024.html Since ConfiForms version 3.4.1 you can give ConfiForms a hint where to look for the property. As the page may have multiple page properties sections and a user can name them using the ID parameter in the page properties macro. ConfiForms is now able to look into a specific page properties macro, if necessary <pre>mypage.pageProperties(property_name, pagePropertiesId)</pre>		
sort(property_name ASC) sort(property_name1 ASC, property_name2 DESC) FROM V. 2.11.3 CLOUD	Sorts lists of choices / objects		
limit(number) FROM V. 2.11.3 CLOUD	Limits the number of items in an array/list		
asUserTimezone FROM V. 2.12.4 CLOUD	Represents given date as in user timezone date. Actually all the dates in ConfiForms are stored/entered in server timezone! But sometimes it is required to pass the selected date further (to Jira, for example) as if it is given in user timezone.	someDate. asUserTimezon e.jiraDateTime	[; a f
asUserTimezoneAwa reDate asUserTimezoneAwa reDateTime FROM V. 2.12.4 Since 2.13.7 supports setting the formatting pattern asUserTimezoneAwa reDate(PATTERN) asUserTimezoneAwa reDateTime (PATTERN) CLOUD	Aliases for <i>timezoneAwareDate</i> and <i>timezoneAwareDateTime</i>	Formats dates in user timezones someDate. asUserTimezon eAwareDate someDate. asUserTimezon eAwareDateTime	
timezoneOffset FROM V. 2.13.2 CLOUD	Returns offset between server and user's timezones in milliseconds		

htmlToWiki FROM V. 2.13.2 CLOUD	Attempts to convert an HTML to Atlassian wiki markup (please note that this is an experimental function and does not support nested inline CSS styles)	
iterateAndPrint FROM V. 2.13.10	Now it is possible to iterate through the multi-select fields and print their properties in a convenient way For example, iterating on multi user field and printing username and full name of the user in a row for each selected user <pre>mymultiuserfield.iterateAndPrint([entry.username] - [entry.fullName]
).renderAsHtml</pre> For comment field <pre>mycomment.iterateAndPrint(<p>[entry.user.asUser.fullName] - [entry.timestamp.formatDate]: [entry.content]</p>).renderAsHtml</pre>	
formatToPattern FROM V. 2.13.10 CLOUD	Formats value to given regular expression pattern. For example, to format the phone number given 1234567890 into (123) 456-7890 You will need to do something like this:\ <pre>myfield.formatToPattern((\d{3})(\d{3})(\d+), (\$1) \$2-\$3)</pre> Where first parameter is a grouping regular expression: (\d{3})(\d{3})(\d+) And the second one is how the "groups" should be printed (pattern itself): (\$1) \$2-\$3	
storageToHtml FROM V. 2.14 CLOUD	Attempts to convert/render given value into HTML. Will work when the value is a valid storage format (Atlassian page storage format)	
evaluateFormula (FORMULA) FROM V. 2.17 CLOUD	Evaluates and calculates a given formula. Formula should be given as explained here: Supported math operators, formulas and functions Parameters can be given as [entry.field_name] references Can be applied on a field or on _func for convenience <pre>[entry._func.evaluateFormula(IF(EMPTY("[entry.somefield]"), "ERROR", "ALL GOOD"))]</pre> Or in ConfiForms Field macros it is easier to use via "id" field <pre>id.evaluateFormula(IF(EMPTY("[entry.somefield]"), "ERROR", "ALL GOOD"))</pre>	
formatDuration (PATTERN) FROM V. 2.19.4 CLOUD	This function helps to format numeric value in milliseconds as "duration" Example: <pre>somefield.formatDuration(H:mm:ss) somefield.formatDuration(d H:mm:ss) somefield.formatDuration(d 'days' H:mm:ss)</pre> Value of "somefield" needs to be numeric and represent time in milliseconds	

round(scale, roundingMode) FROM V. 2.20.2 CLOUD	Where scale must be an integer And rounding mode could be given as a numeric value or as text value <table><thead><tr><th>Text constant</th><th>Numeric</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td>UP</td><td>0</td></tr><tr><td>DOWN</td><td>1</td></tr><tr><td>CEILING</td><td>2</td></tr><tr><td>FLOOR</td><td>3</td></tr><tr><td>HALF_UP</td><td>4</td></tr><tr><td>HALF_DOWN</td><td>5</td></tr><tr><td>HALF_EVEN</td><td>6</td></tr><tr><td>UNNECESSARY</td><td>7</td></tr></tbody></table> Example: somenumericfield.round(2, HALF_UP) same as somenumericfield.round(2, 4)	Text constant	Numeric	UP	0	DOWN	1	CEILING	2	FLOOR	3	HALF_UP	4	HALF_DOWN	5	HALF_EVEN	6	UNNECESSARY	7	
Text constant	Numeric																			
UP	0																			
DOWN	1																			
CEILING	2																			
FLOOR	3																			
HALF_UP	4																			
HALF_DOWN	5																			
HALF_EVEN	6																			
UNNECESSARY	7																			
barcode(type) FROM V. 2.26 CLOUD	Renders value as barcode Supported types are: - Interleaved2of5 - Codabar - ITF-14 - Code39 - Code128 - EAN-128 - GS1-128 - UPC-A - UPC-E - EAN-13 - EAN-8 - POSTNET - RoyalMail - USPS - PDF417 somevalue.barcode(Codabar)	somevalue. barcode (Codabar)																		

qrcode qrcode(type) FROM V. 2.26 CLOUD	Renders values as QR code Supported types are: - url (default) - SMS - MMS - email Suggesting to use SMS when scanned (field value is preset as phone number) somevalue.qrcode(SMS) Or as default (url) - field value is set as URL somevalue.qrcode	somevalue.qrcode somevalue.qrcode(MMS)	[c [c
isValidPassword FROM V. 2.27.24	value.isValidPassword() value.isValidPassword Returns true or false Checks the password given in the field value for current user only In other words this function can only verify current user's password	value.isValidPassword():true value.isValidPassword():false value.isValidPassword:true value.isValidPassword:false	[is [is
isValidCaptcha FROM V. 2.27.25	field.isValidCaptcha() field.isValidCaptcha Returns true or false	field.isValidCaptcha():true field.isValidCaptcha():false field.isValidCaptcha field.isValidCaptcha	[is [is
variables FROM V. 2.27.26	You can access the value of a variable defined in ConfiForms configuration: "Variables and Secrets" section. Please note that you can only access variables, but not secrets. The value for the secret will always be returned as empty value variables(variable_name)	field.variables(variable_name)	
queryCount (<formName:pageId>;<FILTER>) FROM V. 2.27.29 CLOUD	You can lookup records number in the form matching your filter id.queryCount(myform:1111222;myfield:[entry.field]) You can refermce to the same page via @self (if your form is located on the same page) id.queryCount(myform:@self;*) Returns number of records matching (numeric)		

workDaysTo	Calculates working days (excluding Saturday and Sunday) between timestamps FROM V. 2.28.0 CLOUD <pre>sometimestampfield.workDaysTo([entry.anothertimestampfield])</pre> If your field is a DatetimeInterval field then have a look at new properties this field has	
daysTo	Calculates days between timestamps FROM V. 2.28.0 CLOUD <pre>sometimestampfield.daysTo([entry.anothertimestampfield])</pre> If your field is a DatetimeInterval field then have a look at new properties this field has	
fixHtml	Attempts to clean given HTML and process an xHtml like contents FROM V. 2.28.0 <pre>somefieldwithhtml.fixHtml</pre> Expect this method to attempt to close the unclosed tags and remove offensive html code	
removeByRegExp	Removes symbols matching given regular expression in the field's value FROM V. 2.28.2 CLOUD <pre>field.removeByRegExp(regularExpressionHere)</pre>	[entry.field.removeByRegExp(regularExpressionHere)]
matches (regular_expression)	Matches value by regular expression For example: <pre>field.matches([a-zA-Z0-9]*\$):true</pre> Returns true if field's value is alphanumeric and false otherwise Use https://regex101.com/ to test your expressions - very helpful and easy to use resource for building regular expressions	
pageWatchers	You can access page watchers on the page object FROM V. 2.24.7 Returns a comma separated list of usernames who are page watchers of this page <pre>pageObjectValue.pageWatchers</pre>	
pageContributors	You can access page contributors on the page object FROM V. 2.24.7 Returns a comma separated list of usernames who are page contributors of this page <pre>pageObjectValue.pageContributors</pre>	

 If entry value is null or could not be formatted according to rules then value is returned as-is

 See also [Accessing field values and properties](#) . You can use complex properties in your filters. For example filtering dropdown fields by values and by labels, filtering page type fields by page metadata fields, filtering user fields by, for example - email property

It is important to understand that it is **totally possible to combine virtual functions WITH field properties and to chain functions!**