How to show and hide fields in the form conditionally

Simple tutorial on how to use ConfiForms Field Definition Rules#Showfield and it's counterpart ConfiForms Field Definition Rules#Hidefield ConfiForms Rules for Field Definitions to show and hide fields conditionally

Consider a form that has few fields like this

ConfiForms Form Definition formName = myform
Confiforms Form Field Definition fieldName = Field1 fieldL
ConfiForms Form Field Definition fieldName = showDetails f
ConfiForms Form Field Definition fieldName = details field
ConffForms Form Field Definition fieldName = options field
ConffForms Form Field Definition fieldName = userOption fi
// this rule will hide the "details" field when a checkbox field "showDetails" is unchecked and will show the "details" field otherwise
ConfiForms Rules for Field Definition actionFieldName = showDetai
// this rule shows an extra field when you select an "other" option in the "options" dropdown field (and hides it otherwise)
ConfiForms Rules for Field Definition actionFieldName = options

And the standard layout for the form

Implemented like

ConfiForms (FormView) Registrations Control | formName = myform

Custom layout for the same form

Implemented like

Confforms form View Registrations Control | formName = myform | type = Embedded | hideMendata = trae

functions form New Registrations Control | formName = myform | type = Embedded | hideMendata = trae

functions form Registrations Control | forMName = Medd | myform | type = Embedded | hideMendata = trae

functions form Registrations Control | forMName = Medd | myform | type = Embedded | hideMendata = trae

functions form Registrations Control | forMName = Medd | myform | type = Embedded | hideMendata = trae

functions form Registrations Control | forMName = Medd | myform | type = Embedded | hideMendata = trae

functions form Registrations Control | forMName = Medd | myform | type = Embedded | hideMendata = trae

functions form Registrations Control | myform | type = Embedded | hideMendata = trae

functions form Registrations Control | forMName = Medd | myform | type = Embedded | hideMendata = trae

functions form Registrations Control | forMName = Medd | myform | type = Embedded | hideMendata = trae

functions form Registrations form Registrations | type = Embedded | hideMendata = trae

functions form Registrations Control | type = Embedded | hideMendata = trae

functions form Registrations form Registrations | type = Embedded | hideMendata = trae

functions form Registrations | type = Embedded | type = Embedded | hideMendata = trae

functions form Registrations | type = Embedded | type = Em

Configuration

As you can see, our form has 5 fields and 2 rules. Actually there are 4 rules, as each of the 2 rules has a "reverse rule" automatically created. That works for show/hide rules very well and you do not need to create an extra reverse rule yourself.

Our 5 fields are:

- Field1 simple text field (does not really needed here, but added to show a simplest field possible - no rules, no behaviour)
- showDetails is a checkbox field and that manages the visibility of the other field named "details"
- details textarea field that is shown only when the checkbox "showDetails" is checked
- options is a dropdown field with 4 options, 4th option manages the visibility of the "userOption" field
- userOption is a text field that is shown only when someone has selected an option with ID=4 in the "options" field

Now let's see the 2 rules that add the dynamics to our form:

Full configuration for the form in storage format

```
<ac:structured-macro ac:
macro-id="a356f4a8-bdfc-
4f79-bc45-56c1abc82106" ac:
name="confiform" ac:schema-
version="1">
        <ac:parameter ac:
name="formName">myform</ac:</pre>
parameter>
       <ac:rich-text-body>
          <ac:structured-
macro ac:macro-id="
94923a9b-bc51-4272-a4f3-
e1711836ea84" ac:name="
confiform-field-
definition" ac:schema-
version="1">
              <ac:
parameter ac:name="
fieldName">Field1</ac:
parameter>
              <ac:
parameter ac:name="
fieldLabel">Field1</ac:
parameter>
              <ac:
parameter ac:name="type"
>text</ac:parameter>
           </ac:
structured-macro>
         >
           <ac:structured-
macro ac:macro-id="
faa26a33-b268-415f-bda2-
ca26354f8237" ac:name="
confiform-field-
definition" ac:schema-
version="1">
              <ac:
parameter ac:name="
fieldName">showDetails</ac:
parameter>
              <ac:
parameter ac:name="
fieldLabel">Let me provide
some details</ac:parameter>
              <ac:
parameter ac:name="type"
>checkbox</ac:parameter>
           </ac:
structured-macro> 
          <ac:structured-
macro ac:macro-id="
cfde56ca-1d74-40f5-a437-
105c7760d598" ac:name="
confiform-field-
definition" ac:schema-
version="1">
              <ac:
parameter ac:name="
```

// this rule will hide the "details" field when a checkbox field "showDetails" is unchecked and will show the "details" field otherwis

ConfiForms Rules for Field Definition | actionFieldName = showDetai...

// this rule shows an extra field when you select an "other" option in the "options" dropdown field (and hides it otherwise

ConfiForms Rules for Field Definition | actionFieldName = options |...

Rule 1

First rule is "bound" to field "showDetails" and tracks for changes

It has a condition to check if showDetails field has value "false"

We set "actionable field" as "details", as this is the field we want to manage visibility for

Edit 'ConfiForms Rules for Field

Rules for ConfiForms Field Definitions Documentation

Field name (or regular expression)

showDetails

Name of the field you want to track for changes (leave blank when you configure validation rules, as these rules are applied on form submit). Parameter supports regular expressions to affect multiple fields with the same rule.Can be given as comma separated list of fields

Condition

showDetails:false

Action will be executed when the condition is met. Same syntax expected as in filters Empty value means it matches everything. The scope is **current entry/record** (for dataset validation the scope is all records). You can reference the values from the

fieldName">details</ac: parameter> <ac: parameter ac:name=" fieldLabel">Details</ac: parameter> <ac: parameter ac:name="type" >textarea</ac:parameter> Rule 2 </ac: Second rule is "bound" to field "bound" and tracks for chang It checks for "options" field to have a value 4 selected <ac:structured-Please note that the same acould be achieved by using the f 602a7b0b-1968-4c3a-b9f3options.labe99844682c486vide:mgm6ption confiform-fielddefinition" ac:schema-(checking the label of a drop down instead) <ac We set "actionable field" as duser Optione, -ds this is the field fieldName">options</ac: for parameter> <ac:

Edit 'Confil forms Rules for F

option</ac:parameter> <ac: parameter ac:name="values" Rules for Confit boots field Definitions 2|3=Option 3|4=Let me Documentatione my option|]</ac: parameter> Field name (or regular expression) parameter ac:name="type"

options >select</ac:parameter>

Name of the field yod warroto track for changes (leave blank when you configure validation makes are these rules are applied on form subfit 56 Parafid tet 78 ports 05e15b033d8", ac: name=" regular expressions", affect multiple fields with the same indeiGan be: generated NSt or fields" separated NSt or fields" sac:

Condition^{parameter ac:name="} fieldName">userOption</ac: options:4^{arameter>} <ac:

Action will be executed as in filters is met. Same synchronic expected as in filters Empty value means it matches everything. parameter ac:name="type" The scope is current entry record (for dataset validation the segme is all records). You can reference the variables from the

// this rule// this rule// this rule

Action to execute *

Hide field

Choose the action type to perform, see more details on each action type in our documentation

Actionable field name

details

Could be list of field names (comma separated) you want the action to be performed on

Value to match

If set, then only a field option holding this value is taken into action (Useful for radio/checkbox groups). You can use reference to other fields, via [entry.field_name] as usual

With reverse rule (for 'Set field readonly' rule checking this option will unset the readonly state)

When checked, ConfiForms will try to create a reverse rule for given rule (works with Show/Hide field/container, 'Set field readonly' and 'Validate if exists in other Form' rules ONLY)

And we set "with reverse rule" to tell ConfiForms to create a reverse rule for us automatically. Reverse condition will be created and reverse action will be show)

You can set multiple fields in the "actionable field name" parameter, by using comma separated value list: field1,anotherfield,field3

You can do the same with 1st parameter in the ConfiForms Rules for Field Definition macro - and "bound" your rule to track changes in multiple fields (1 rule on multiple fields). Similarly to "actionable field name" parameter you can provide a comma separated list of field names

Conditions are written as filters, more on ConfiForms filters you can find here: ConfiForms Filters and Con fiForms Filters by example

field otherwise Action to execute *>> <ac:structured-Show field ac:macro-id=" 48dce42b8cc5" ac:name=" Choose the actient type to perform see more details bas each sobtion type in Jur documentation <ac: Actionable field name " false</ac:parameter> userOption <ac: parameter ac:name=" Could be list classed not a set of the set o separated) you want the action to be performed parameter ac:name="action" >Hide field</ac:parameter> <ac: parameter ac:name= Vith reverse rule (for 'Set field readonly rule checking this optic will unset the readonly state) withReverseRule">true</ac When checked, ConfiForms will try to create asteverse fulle for given rule (works with Show/Hhde field/containe 'Set fielghegdanly this rule exists involther Former roles ONLY) option in the "options< /em>" dropdown field (and hides it otherwise) <ac:structuredmacro ac:macro-id=" 7b9d37e2-7f3a-4dff-a7b3d88d3402b3b4" ac:name=" confiform-field-definitionrules" ac:schema-version=" 1"> <ac: parameter ac:name=" condition">options:4</ac: parameter ac:name=" fieldName">userOption</ac: parameter> <ac: parameter ac:name="action" >Show field</ac:parameter> <ac: parameter ac:name=" actionFieldName">options< /ac:parameter> <ac: parameter ac:name=" withReverseRule">true</ac: parameter> </ac: structured-macro>

</ac:rich-text-

body>
 </ac:structuredmacro>

To import via Atlassian Confluence Source Editor